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# **SECTION 1:** Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name:

INOFLON® Aqueous dispersion PTFE

**Grades:** 

AD9000EX, AD9100EX, AD9200EX, AD9300EX, AD9400EX, AD9360

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application of the substance / the preparation: Coating

Uses advised against: No further relevant information available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Gujarat Fluorochemicals Limited 12/A Dahej, GIDC, Industrial Estate Dahej, Gujarat 392130, India

Telephone: +91-2641-618031(Admin)/ 618086-87(Security)

Email: inoflon@gfl.co.in, contact@gfl.co.in

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Emergency Telephone Number: +91-2643-618081 (SHE) / 618086-87(Security)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

#### Hazard pictograms



GHS05

## Signal word Danger

## Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3,5-dimethyl-1-(2-methylpropyl)hexyl]-.omega.-hydroxy-

### **Hazard statements**

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

## **Precautionary statements**

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear eye protection / face protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

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2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT:** Not determined. **vPvB:** Not determined.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Description:			
CAS: 9002-84-0 EC number: 618-337-2	Polytetrafluoroethylene	55 -	65%
CAS: 7732-18-5 EC number: 231-791-2	water, distilled, conductivity or of similar purity	35 -	40%
Dangerous components:			
CAS: 60828-78-6 EC number: 612-043-8	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3,5-dimethyl-1-(2-methylpropyl)hexyl].omegahydroxy-	1 -	10%
	Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

## **General information:**

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

### After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Remove contaminated clothes.

## After eye contact:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

## After swallowing:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Rinse mouth.

Get medical advice/attention.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact may provoke the following symptoms: Pain, tearing, swelling, redness, or temporary visual impairment.

Inhalation of decomposition products in high concentration may cause shortness of breath (lung oedema). The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated plastics may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO<sub>2</sub>, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Difficult to ignite, and flame goes out when initiating source is removed.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide

Hydrogen fluoride (HF)

Toxic or highly toxic fluorides

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

#### **Protective equipment:**

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire.

#### **Additional information**

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

Protect from hydrogen fluoride fumes which react with water to form hydrofluoric acid.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear protective clothing.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralising agent.

Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Information about fire and explosion protection: No special measures required.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage:

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle.

**Information about storage in one common storage facility:** Store away from oxidising agents.

# Further information about storage conditions:

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Protect from frost.

Storage temperature 10 - 25 °C

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7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

# General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

## Respiratory protection:



Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

### Hand protection



Protective gloves

Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation.

## **Material of gloves**

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

## Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

## **Body protection:**



Protective work clothing





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Apron

**Environmental exposure controls** No further relevant information available.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**General Information** 

Physical state

Form:
Dispersion

Colour:
White
Odour:
Characteristic
Odour threshold:
Melting point/freezing point:

Uquid
Dispersion
White
Characteristic
Not determined.
O °C (Water)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

**range** 100 °C (Water) **Flammability** Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower:Not applicable.Upper:Not applicable.Flash point:Not applicable.Ignition temperature:Not determined.Decomposition temperature:Not determined.

**pH at 20 °C** 9 - 11

Viscosity:

**Kinematic viscosity Dynamic at 20 °C:**Not determined.
15 - 30 mPas

Solubility

water: Insoluble.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined.

Vapour pressure: Not determined.

Density and/or relative density

**Density at 20 °C:** 1.2 - 1.6 g/cm³ (Water = 1)

Relative density
Vapour density
Relative gas density
Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.
Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

**Explosive properties:** Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Oxidising properties No

**Evaporation rate** Not determined.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** No further relevant information available.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Stable and hazardous polymerization will not occur

- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization will not occur
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents: F2, OF2, CIF3 Reducing Agent: Elemental Sodium and Potassium

Metal powders, like aluminum and magnesium, cause PTFE to combust at high temperatures

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

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In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide Hydrogen fluoride

Low molecular weight fluoropolymers and Particulates

Overheated or burnt PTFE releases hydrogen fluoride (a highly irritating and corrosive gas) and small amounts of carbonyl fluoride (highly toxic)., CO2, other toxic gases

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

None of the ingredients is listed.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.

- **12.2 Persistence and degradability** No further relevant information available.
- **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential** No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Recommendation:

Preferred option for disposal is to separate solids from liquid by precipitation and decanting or filtering. Dispose of dry solids in a landfill that is permitted, licensed or registered by a state to manage industrial solid waste. Discharge liquid filtrate to a wastewater treatment system. Incinerate only if incinerator is capable of scrubbing out hydrogen fluoride and other acidic combustion products.

## **Uncleaned packaging**

**Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

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Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA Void

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA Void

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA

**Class** Void

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA Void

14.5 Environmental hazards:Not applicable.14.6 Special precautions for userNot applicable.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

**instruments** Not applicable.

**Transport/Additional information:** Not dangerous according to the above specifications.

UN "Model Regulation": Void

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Directive 2012/18/EU

Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed. REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex II

None of the ingredients is listed.

### **REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148**

# Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

## **Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS**

None of the ingredients is listed.

#### Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

#### **Chemical Inventories:**

Australia - AICS

Canada - DSL

China - IECSC

**EU - EINECS** 

Japan - ENCS

Korea - ECL

New Zealand - NZIoC

Philippines - PICCS

USA - TSCA



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15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

### Relevant phrases

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

MARPOL: (from Marine Pollutant) International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

UN: United Nations (also UNO: United Nations Organization)

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials

WAF: Water Accommodated Fraction

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the

International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 4: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 4

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